

SYRUP OF FIGS FOR A CHILD'S BOWELS

It is cruel to force nauseating, harsh physic into a sick child.

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "dose" mother insisted on—castor oil, calomel, cathartics.

With our children it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only delicious "California Syrup of Figs."

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Adv.

Desperate Remedy. Frozen Ferdinand—Dat hot drink bring me around all right, doc. But wot's dat you're putting at me feet?

A GLASS OF SALTS WILL END KIDNEY-BACKACHE

Says Drugs Excite Kidneys and Recommend Only Salts, Particularly If Bladder Bothers You.

When your kidneys hurt and your back feels sore, don't get scared and proceed to load your stomach with a lot of drugs that excite the kidneys and irritate the entire urinary tract.

Drink lots of water—you can't drink too much; also get from any pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning for a few days and your kidneys will act fine.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent Hitha-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean and active.

Dangerous. Frank—Yes, I am going to propose to Miss Diamonds on the ice. She is my only chance.

Harry—Youth only chance? Well, don't let that chance slip.

GRANDMA USED SAGE TEA TO DARKEN HER GRAY HAIR

She Made Up a Mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur to Bring Back Color, Gloss, Thickness.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray; also ends dandruff, itching scalp and stops falling hair.

Don't stay gray! Try it! No one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly.

A woman seldom loves her husband enough to refuse to work him for the benefit of her folks.

Not Gray Hairs but Tired Eyes make us look older than we are. Keep your eyes young and you will look young.

Thirty-one languages are spoken by the variety of races in the Philippine Islands.

Wounds cleansed by Hanford's Balm. Adv.

Little aches result from the pains a man takes in enjoying his vacation.

ELECTION HELD BY JOINT ASSEMBLY

RION McKISSICK NAMED CODE COMMISSIONER.—MRS. MOODY LIBRARIAN.

LILES BILL IN SENATE

Many Important Bills Pending in Both Houses and Many Others to Come up Soon. Columbia.

John L. McLaurin of Bennettsville was reelected warehouse commissioner by the joint assembly on the first ballot, which resulted as follows: McLaurin 91, F. M. Carey of Seneca 40, John J. McMahan of Columbia 22.

James W. DeVore, judge of the Eleventh circuit, was opposed for reelection by J. B. Wingard of Lexington and was declared reelected, having received 108 votes to Mr. Wingard's 43.

The following were reelected without opposition: Carlton W. Sawyer, comptroller general; F. H. McMaster, insurance commissioner; T. B. Fraser, associate justice; S. W. G. Shipp, judge of the Twelfth circuit.

The following were the results of the election held by the joint assembly. Code commissioner, J. Rion McKissick of Greenville; State librarian, Mrs. Virginia Green Moody; two trustees of Winthrop college, Benjamin R. Tillman and D. W. McLaurin, reelected; two directors of the state penitentiary, A. H. Hawkins of Prosperity and W. H. Glenn of Anderson; two trustees of the University of South Carolina, C. E. Spencer of York and L. P. Hollis of Greenville; three trustees of Clemson college, R. H. Timmerman of Batesburg, S. T. McKeown of Chester and S. A. Burns of Anderson.

For code commissioner Mr. Cothran nominated J. Rion McKissick of Greenville, which was seconded by the Union and Florence county delegations and others; Mr. Harper nominated J. Carter Townsend of Columbia, seconded by Messrs. White and Brigham; Mr. Carter nominated Francis F. Carroll of Bamberg, seconded by Senator Black, Messrs. Searson, Seneseny and others.

The first ballot gave: McKissick 108, Carroll 29, Townsend 21.

Mr. McKissick was declared elected code commissioner to succeed the late M. P. DeBruhl.

For state librarian Senator Spigner nominated Mrs. Virginia Green Moody, incumbent, which was seconded by a large number. She was elected without opposition. Benjamin Ryan Tillman and D. W. McLaurin were elected without opposition to succeed themselves as trustees of Winthrop college. Senator Tillman was nominated by J. L. Walker and Mr. McLaurin by Senator Beaumgard.

A. H. Hawkins of Prosperity and W. H. Glenn of Anderson were reelected without opposition as directors of the state penitentiary. Mr. Hawkins was nominated by Mr. Mower and Mr. Glenn by Senator Sherard.

L. P. Hollis of Greenville was elected to succeed William M. Hamter of Dillon, who declined renomination, as a trustee of the University of South Carolina. C. E. Spencer of York was elected to succeed himself. Mr. Hollis was nominated by Mr. McCullough of Greenville and Mr. Spenser by Senator Beaumgard.

A motion to recede from business was tabled.

For three trustees of Clemson college four were nominated as follows: R. H. Timmerman of Batesburg by Senator Sharpe, S. T. McKeown of Chester by Senator Brice, Frank G. Tompkins of Columbia by Mr. Ballew, S. A. Burns of Anderson by Mr. West, E. T. Hughes, who is one of the three retiring directors with Messrs. Timmerman and McKeown, was not renominated.

The first ballot resulted as follows: Timmerman 76, McKeown 115, Burns 103, Tompkins 72.

Messrs. McKeown, Burns and Timmerman were declared elected trustees of Clemson college.

School For Feebleminded. A bill to establish a state training school for the feebleminded has been introduced in the senate by Senator Sherard of Anderson and Senator Christensen of Beaufort. The bill provides for the appointment of five trustees, who, in co-operation with the board of charities and corrections, are to make a preliminary survey of the state, to select a site, determine upon the nature and number of buildings necessary, the cost of equipment and maintenance through 1917, and report to the legislature next session.

The house passed without discussion a resolution introduced by Messrs. Beckett and Frupp of Beaufort indorsing the policy of national preparedness as outlined by President Wilson and calling upon the South Carolina delegation to further such a policy.

The report of the legislative committee, consisting of Senator Hughes, and Messrs. Graydon and Searson, on the supreme court reports, contained a copy of the contract with the R. L. Bryan company of Columbia, which agreed to publish the reports in volumes at \$2 per volume. The contract was let May 24.

Liles Bill in Senate. Debate in the senate was confined exclusively for one day to the Liles bill from the house, designed to put "teeth" in the prohibition law, by imposing chain-gang or prison sentence for violation, without the alternative of a fine. Considerable division exists in the senate over the measure. The consensus of opinion at this time favors the passage of the bill in its original form.

The Liles bill as brought over from the house provides that a prison or chain-gang sentence of not less than six months nor more than two years shall be imposed for the first violation. Subsequent offenses carry with them minimum sentence of one year and maximum of five years. The circuit judge in his discretion may suspend all of the prison sentence for the first offense but 30 days and of subsequent offenses all but 60 days, "upon such terms and conditions as he may see fit to impose."

For Uniform Road Building. The advisability of creating a state highway commission with a license on automobiles for its maintenance was both championed and disapproved on the floor of the house in a debate which on motion was adjourned. The principal object of such a commission as outlined in the bill proposed by the house committee on roads, bridges and ferries, is to co-operate with the road authorities of various counties and to study the system of public highways and road construction. It was urged in behalf of a commission that there should be one body with supervisory and advisory powers over the large amount of money expended by the counties of the state during the course of a year in road work, the aggregate being about \$1,500,000.

No Party to Agreement. W. M. Riggs, president of Clemson college, authorized the following statement: "Neither Clemson college nor its president is a party to any agreement or understanding to oppose or support any scholarship or free tuition measures pending before the legislature. I am not aware of any concerted action to be taken by state college presidents."

For New Circuit. After a long debate, in which opposition gained much strength, the house refused to recommit the bill providing for a Fourteenth judicial district, composed of the counties of Hampton, Colleton, Jasper and Beaufort, by a yeas and nays vote of 53 to 50. The bill was later given a third reading and sent to the senate by a vote of 58 to 44.

No State Printing Plant. Constitutional objections exclude from consideration the project of a state printing plant, according to the special committee from the house, representatives, which in co-operation with a similar body from the senate has been investigating the public printing problem during the last year. The house committee is composed of Representatives W. R. Bradford of York, chairman; L. L. Wagoner of Union and W. Harris, of Laurens.

Article 17, section 5, constitution of 1895, says: "The printing of the laws, journals, bills, legislative documents and papers for each branch of the general assembly, with the printing required for the executive and other departments of the state, shall be let on contract in such manner as shall be prescribed by law."

House and senate bills are printed in 12 point (pica), with a pica of white space between the lines. The committee recommends that they be printed in 10 point (long primer), that the space between the lines be reduced to 6 points (nonpareil) and that the length of the line be reduced from 35 to 30 ems, so that linotype composition may be facilitated; it is also pointed out that the eye more easily takes in the shorter line.

"The committee considered at length the printing of stationery (letterheads, envelopes, tally sheets, roll calls, etc.) annually done for the general assembly," says the report. "The cost of this printing is in the aggregate considerable. Much of it now is inferior in workmanship and done on a poor quality of paper, though the charge for all of it has been high enough to warrant the expectation that first class printing on first class stock would be secured."

"All of this printing should be included in one or more contracts, to be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder, instead of going to perhaps a dozen or more printers, as is now the practice. Uniformity, better prices, better material and better workmanship would be secured if this work were let by contract."

Mr. Smith's house bill to increase the salaries of state officers was killed in the house by the yeas and nays vote of 65 to 24. The bill had received a majority unfavorable report from the ways and means committee, although its provisions were not to become effective until after the expiration of the terms of the incumbents.

A bill to give employes a prior lien on their employer in certain cases, or giving them the same rights as they have under the bankruptcy laws of the United States, was passed in the house.

An amendment to the house rules adopted provides that on each legislative day 30 minutes, if so much be necessary, shall be set aside before special and general orders for the consideration of uncontested local bills. This will enable the calendar to be reduced materially and will allow local and county measures to go forward at rapid rate.

ROBBERS HOLD UP BANK AT SMOAKS

TWO BOLD BANDITS MAKE RAID AND GET AWAY WITH \$2,500.

LOCKED CASHIER IN VAULT

Armed With Revolver, Physical Force and Drug to Overpower Lone Cashier in Colleton County.

Branchville.—Overcoming the cashier with a revolver supported by physical force, two unknown men entered the bank of the Smoak Banking company at Smoaks and succeeded in making away with over \$2,500.

The robbery was committed about 2:30 o'clock when C. A. Thomas, cashier, was at work on his books. Looking up, he discovered that two strangers had entered, one covering him with a revolver. One man immediately leaped over the counter and seized him. The cashier resisted and in the struggle managed to keep his antagonist between him and the man with the revolver. This man, however, jumped over the counter after his companion and struck the cashier a sharp blow over the eye, at the same time throwing some liquid in his face. The combination served to render Mr. Thomas unconscious.

The robbers then placed the cashier in the vault and escaped with about \$2,500 in currency. They were traveling in an automobile, and when the robbery was discovered two hours later, they were traced going in the direction of Bamberg.

One of them is described as being about six feet in height, slender, of dark complexion and wearing a cap. The other was not as tall, but heavier, dark and also wore a cap.

Mr. Thomas recalled that the smaller of the men came in the bank one week ago and asked him to cash a Southern railway check for \$400. The cashier informed him that he could not do so without identification. The stranger asked if others worked with him in the bank and departed.

The cashier was not discovered, locked in the vault, until about 4:30 o'clock.

A reward of \$100 has been offered by the Smoak Banking company for the arrest of the robbers.

Smoaks is 12 miles south of Branchville. J. E. Smoak is president of the bank.

Cattle Sale March 22.

Rock Hill.—The Chamber of Commerce has received information that the first cattle sales will be held in the recently constructed Rock Hill stockyards March 22. Dr. W. W. Long of Clemson College, who is supervising the sales in the six assembling points in the state, says there will be sold in Rock Hill at least 700 head of cattle. There are being fed in the state 4,000 head.

Freight rates on cattle from the five or six counties in this territory may be secured from any freight agent or the secretary of the Rock Hill Chamber of Commerce.

Doctor Long has secured the most important packing houses of the North and West as buyers and representatives of all of them will be in attendance at the Rock Hill sale.

Agricultural Society Elects Officers.

Charleston.—S. G. Stoney was reelected president of the organization for the fifth consecutive term at the annual meeting of the Agricultural Society of South Carolina in their meeting at Charleston. John L. McLaurin, state warehouse commissioner, addressed the meeting immediately upon the completion of routine business and the election of officers. Following his address the assemblage adjourned to the Charleston Hotel for lunch and to hear addresses from R. G. Rhetf, president of the Chamber of Commerce; S. C. Thompson, a government agricultural expert, and others of the members and guests.

Lights For Saluda.

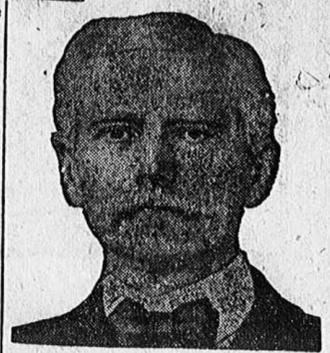
Saluda.—The town council has granted a 20-year franchise for the installation and operation of an electric light and power plant to F. A. Hugh of Atlanta, Ga. Under the terms of the franchise, work is to be started within 90 days on the plant and it must be finished and in operation within six months from date. The business section of the town is to be furnished with a 24-hour service and the residence section all-night service at a rate not exceeding 12 1/2c. per kilowatt.

Preparing For Field Days.

Orangeburg.—Programmes are now being prepared for school field days and also the great final county field day to be held at Orangeburg some time the last of March. These field day occasions are justly becoming very popular in the county and are doing a great deal to encourage better reading, spelling, arithmetic, writing, public speaking and athletics. It is expected that all teachers and trustees will co-operate to make these occasions of great value in building up the educational interests of the county.

Well Known Remedy Relieves Chronic Case

Important to Dispose of Waste from the Stomach With Regularity.



MR. THOS. DeLOACH.

People frequently attribute to failure of the digestive organs conditions that are primarily due to inactive bowels, and apply remedies that from their very nature are more apt to aggravate than to relieve the disorder.

When the bowels act regularly the stomach is in better shape to perform its allotted tasks and can usually be depended upon. To keep the bowels in condition there is no more effective remedy than the combination of simple laxative herbs known as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin which is sold in drug stores for fifty cents a bottle.

Dr. Caldwell has prescribed this remedy in his practice for over a quarter of a century and it is today the standard household remedy in thousands of homes. Mr. Thos. DeLoach, with the Department of the Interior, Office of Indian Affairs, at Washington, wrote Dr. Caldwell recently that "Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is the best laxative I have any knowledge of and the cleaning up guaranteed by its use relieves every organ."

That Would Fix Him. Ella—What would you do if you accidentally found a man under your bed? Stella—I'd drop my hat on him.

Home Medicine Chest. Keep your medicines in one place, out of reach of children. Be sure to have Hanford's Balsam of Myrrh on hand for emergency use. It should take the fire out of burns, heal cuts, remove soreness and be worth many times over its cost. Adv.

Bad Risk. "Broken your New Year's resolutions yet?" "Every one of them. I wish I had the doggone things insured."

PREPAREDNESS!

To Fortify The System Against Grip when Grip is prevalent LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE should be taken, as this combination of Quinine with other ingredients, destroys germs, acts as a Tonic and Laxative and thus keeps the system in condition to withstand Colds, Grip and Influenza. There is only one BROMO QUININE. E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 45c.

Wear and Tear. Jim enjoys the distinction of living near to the only saloon in a southern town. He also enjoys the distinction of being without an index finger to his right hand.

Came one day a stranger and asked Jim the usual question—where was the place of refreshment. Jim pointed to it.

"Who cut dat finger off joh you?" asked the stranger. Jim looked him up and down.

"Dey ain' no one cut dat off," he said. "Ah's done wot' it p'intin out dat saloon to pussions jes sech as yosef."—New York Evening Post.

Seconded, But Not Carried.

Paul Armstrong often told how a lawyer acquaintance of his, who lives at Seattle, was retained to defend a colored man accused of absconding with the funds of a colored debating society. The outlook for the defendant was rather black. At the trial the attorney for the defense arose, as soon as the charge had been read, and said:

"Your honor, I move that the indictment be dismissed."

Before he could proceed further "Before he could proceed further his client was on his feet, too, addressing the bench without a trace of embarrassment.

"Your honah," said the defendant briskly, "I seconds dat motion."—Saturday Evening Post.

COFFEE WAS IT. People Slowly Learn the Facts.

"All my life I have been a slave to coffee. I kept gradually losing my health, but I used to say 'nonsense, it don't hurt me.'"

"Slowly I was forced to admit the truth and the final result was that my nervous force was shattered.

"My heart became weak and uncertain in its action and that frightened me. Then my physician told me that I must stop drinking coffee or I could never expect to be well again.

"I thought of Postum but could hardly bring myself to give up the coffee.

"Finally I concluded that I owed it to myself to give Postum a trial. I got a package and carefully followed the directions, and what a delicious, nourishing, rich drink it was! Do you know, I found it very easy to shift from coffee to Postum.

"Almost immediately after I made the change I found myself better, and as the days went by I kept on improving. My nerves grew steady, I slept well and felt strong and well-balanced. Now the old nervousness is gone and I am well once more."

It pays to give up the drink that acts on some like a poison, for health is the greatest fortune one can have. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum comes in two forms: Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water, and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup. "There's a Reason" for Postum.—sold by Grocers.

A Doubt. "Talk is cheap." "Hm! have you ever seen a long-distance telephone bill?"

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days. Druggists refund money if PAIN OINTMENT fails to cure itching, bleeding or protruding Piles. First application gives relief. 50c.

No man ever thinks he is as homely as he really is.

Why That Lame Back?

Morning lameness, sharp twinges when bending, or an all-day backache; each in itself enough to suspect kidney trouble. Get after the cause. Help the kidneys. We Americans go it too hard. We overdo, overeat and neglect our sleep and exercise and so we are fast becoming a nation of kidney sufferers. 72% more deaths than in 1890 is the 1910 census story. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands recommend them.

A South Carolina Case

John M. Wilson, R. F. D. No. 1, Traveler's Rest, S. C., says: "Hardships weakened my kidneys and I had awful pains in my back. I steadily grew worse and was terribly annoyed by scalding and too frequent passages of the kidney secretions. Rhythmic pains in my hips kept me awake and my ankles and feet swelled. I had awful dizzy spells, too. Doan's Kidney Pills restored me to good health."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

GOWANS Rub-It-On

Gowans being more penetrating makes it preferable. You simply rub it on your throat, chest or parts affected and it is absorbed through the skin, stops cough, croup and colds promptly. Relieves pneumonia by reducing congestion and fever. For sale by all dealers in 7c and 15c bottles. Write for sample and testimonials. Demand Gowans because Gowans is more penetrating. GOWAN MEDICAL CO., Concord, N. C.

CALL FOR Lookout Biscuit

STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. SOUTHERN MADE. CHATTAHOOGA BAKERY. CHATTAHOOGA, TENN.

WANTED

Men to learn barber trade. Few weeks required. Steady position for competent graduates. Wonderful demand for barbers. Wages with learning. For more at \$2.00 per week. RICHMOND BARBER COLLEGE, Richmond, Va.

Seeds and Plants

FROST PROOF Cabbage Plants

\$1.00 per thousand. Parcel Post, 25 cents per hundred. SOUTHEASTERN PLANT CO., CHARLESTON, S. C.

Early Velvet Beans

Have you tried them? If not you are neglecting an opportunity. Early, productive, profitable. A soil renovator that will do well in Virginia and the Carolinas. Bushel \$4.00; peck, \$1.25. J. B. Wight, Cairo, Ga.

Geraty's Frost-Proof FREE CABBAGE PLANTS

We will mail free, postage paid, a package of plants for testing to anyone who will write for same and report results after plants are matured. They will stand a temperature of 10 degrees above zero without injury and mature three to six weeks earlier than hot-bed plants grown in planters planted in the open field. Write or a month sooner than home grown plants. Our prices by parcel post, postage paid, are 50 plants for \$1.00, 100 for \$2.00, 200 for \$4.00, or more at \$2.00 per 100. By express charges collect, at \$1.00 per 100. G. C. GERATY CO., BOSTON, VERMONT ISLAND, V. T.

CABBAGE PLANTS

Varieties: Early Jersey Wakefield, Charleston or Large Wakefield, Henderson's Succession and Flat Dutch. Prices per 1,000. 1,000 to 4,000.....\$1.25. 4,000 to 7,000.....1.00. 7,000 to 10,000......75. MEGGETT CABBAGE CO., BOX NO. 3 MEGGETT, S. C.